

Town Hall Station Road Clacton on Sea Essex CO15 1SE

APPLICANT: Mr Jack Nethercott - Prime AGENT:

Oak

The Millworks Heath Mill Road

WV5 8AP

TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990

APPLICATION NO: 24/00361/FUL **DATE REGISTERED:** 7th March 2024

Proposed Development and Location of the Land:

Planning Application - erection of 1 x dwelling following removal of existing mobile dwelling.

Linshire Heath Road St Osyth Clacton On Sea

THE TENDRING DISTRICT COUNCIL AS LOCAL PLANNING AUTHORITY <u>HEREBY GRANT PLANNING PERMISSION</u> in accordance with the application form, supporting documents and plans submitted, subject to the following conditions;

1 COMPLIANCE REQUIRED: COMMENCEMENT TIME LIMIT

CONDITION: The development hereby permitted shall be begun not later the expiration of three years from the date of this permission.

REASON: To comply with the requirements of Section 91 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 as amended by Section 51 of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004.

NOTE/S FOR CONDITION:

The development needs to commence within the timeframe provided. Failure to comply with this condition will result in the permission becoming lapsed and unable to be carried out. If commencement takes place after the time lapses this may result in unlawful works at risk Enforcement Action proceedings. You should only commence works when all other conditions requiring agreement prior to commencement have been complied with.

2.

2 APPROVED PLANS & DOCUMENTS

CONDITION: The development hereby permitted shall be carried out in accordance with the drawings/documents listed below and/or such other drawings/documents as may be approved by the Local Planning Authority in writing pursuant to other conditions of this permission or such drawings/documents as may subsequently be approved in writing by

the Local Planning Authority as a non-material amendment following an application in that regard (except for Listed Building Consents). Such development hereby permitted shall be carried out in accordance with any Phasing Plan approved, or as necessary in accordance with any successive Phasing Plan as may subsequently be approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority prior to the commencement of development pursuant to this condition.

Drawing No. 91753/01 Drawing No. 91753/03 Drawing No. 91753/05 RPA details - Received 01.05.24 BS Fencing details - Received 01.05.04

REASON: For the avoidance of doubt and in the interests of proper phased planning of the development.

NOTE/S FOR CONDITION:

The primary role of this condition is to confirm the approved plans and documents that form the planning decision. Any document or plan not listed in this condition is not approved, unless otherwise separately referenced in other conditions that also form this decision. The second role of this condition is to allow the potential process of Non Material Amendment if found necessary and such future applications shall be considered on their merits. Lastly, this condition also allows for a phasing plan to be submitted for consideration as a discharge of condition application should phasing be needed by the developer/s if not otherwise already approved as part of this permission. A phasing plan submission via this condition is optional and not a requirement.

Please note in the latest revision of the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) it provides that Local Planning Authorities should seek to ensure that the quality of approved development is not materially diminished between permission and completion, as a result of changes being made to the permitted scheme (for example through changes to approved details such as the materials used). Accordingly, any future amendment of any kind will be considered in line with this paragraph, alongside the Development Plan and all other material considerations.

Any indication found on the approved plans and documents to describe the plans as approximate and/or not to be scaled and/or measurements to be checked on site or similar, will not be considered applicable and the scale and measurements shown shall be the approved details and used as necessary for compliance purposes and/or enforcement action.

3 ONGOING REQUIREMENT IMPOSED - NOISE RESTRICTIONS & WORKING TIME LIMITS

CONDITION: Throughout the construction phase of the development hereby approved, no machinery (all fixed and hand machinery) on site or as may be brought on site, as defined by the red line plan with regard to this permission, shall be operated on the site (including inside any buildings) before 08:00 and after 18:00 Monday - Fridays, with works or before 08:00 and after 13:00 on Saturdays, nor at any time on Sundays, Bank Holidays or Public Holidays.

REASON: In the interest of the amenity of neighbouring residents having regard to the background noise levels in the area.

NOTE/S FOR CONDITION:

- 1) This condition shall engage and restricts the operation of the development from the first commencement of the use. This condition is imposed to ensure the development avoid unreasonable impact on the residential amenity of neighbouring dwellings, especially given the location of the development. Without the imposing of this condition, the development would be refused due to the risk of harm and this condition is considered necessary, enforceable and reasonable in all other respects.
- 2) This condition does not include vehicles (for example HGVs) capable of using the public highway in the definition of machinery as these are not fixed to the site and/or building/s nor regarded as hand machinery.

4 VISBILITY SPLAYS

CONDITION: There should be no obstruction above ground level within a 2.4-metres wide parallel band visibility splay as measured from and along the nearside edge of the carriageway across the entire site frontage. Such vehicular visibility splays shall be provided prior to first occupation and retained free of any obstruction at all times.

Reason: To provide adequate inter-visibility between users of the access and the public highway in the interests of highway safety in accordance with policy DM1.

5 VEHICULAR TURNING FACILITY

CONDITION: Prior to occupation of the hereby approved dwelling a minimum size 5 (8m x 8m) vehicular turning facility, shall be retained, and maintained free from obstruction within the site at all times for that sole purpose.

Reason: To ensure that vehicles can enter and leave the highway in a forward gear in the interest of highway safety in accordance with policy DM1.

6 GATES

CONDITION: Any gates retained at the vehicular access shall be inward opening only and shall be set back a minimum of 6 metres from the back edge of the footway or where no provision of footway is present, the carriageway.

Reason: To enable vehicles using the access to stand clear of the carriageway whilst gates are being opened and closed and to allow parking off street and clear from obstructing the adjacent footway/cycleway/carriageway in the interest of highway safety in accordance with policy DM1.

7 BOUNDARY PLANTING

CONDITION: Any new boundary planting shall be planted a minimum of 1 metre back from the highway boundary and any visibility splay.

Reason: To ensure that the future outward growth of the planting does not encroach upon the highway or interfere with the passage of users of the highway, to preserve the integrity of the highway and in the interests of highway safety and in accordance with

Policy DM1.

8 SURFACE TREATMENT

No unbound material shall be used in the surface treatment of the vehicular access within 6 metres of the highway boundary.

Reason: To avoid displacement of loose material onto the highway in the interests of highway safety in accordance with policy DM1.

9 ACTION REQUIRED: PROVISION OF CYCLE PARKING

CONDITION: Prior to first occupation, details for the provision of secure, covered cycle parking facilities shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The approved facility shall be installed prior to occupation and retained thereafter at all times.

Reason: To ensure appropriate bicycle parking is provided in the interests of encouraging sustainable transport.

- 10 CONDITION: No development shall commence above slab level until a scheme for the provision and implementation of water, energy and resource efficiency measures for the lifetime of the development shall be submitted to and approved, in writing, by the Local Planning Authority. The scheme shall include as a minimum:-
 - Agreement of a scheme for water conservation including greywater recycling and rainwater capture/re-use for replacement dwelling.
 - Agreement of a scheme to achieve as far as possible a water consumption rate of not more than 110 litres, per person, per day for replacement dwelling.
 - Agreement of heating of the hereby approved dwelling/building
 - Agreement of scheme for waste reduction
 - Provision of a fibre optic broadband connection to the best possible speed installed on an open access basis and directly accessed from the nearest exchange, incorporating the use of resistant tubing. (If the applicant is unable to achieve this standard of connection, and can evidence through consultation that this would not be possible, practical or economically viable an alternative superfast (i.e. will provide speeds greater than 30mbps) wireless service will be considered.)

The scheme shall be fully implemented prior to the first occupancy of the development unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The scheme shall be constructed and the measures provided and made available for use as may be agreed and thereafter shall be maintained.

REASON: To enhance the sustainability of the development through reduced need, better use or savings in the use of water, energy and resources; reduced harm to the environment; and result in wider public benefit in accordance with the NPPF.

NOTES FOR CONDITION:

Slab level normally refers to the concrete slab supported on foundations or directly on the subsoil and is used to construct the ground floor of the development. In any other case, please assume slab level to be the point before any walls and/or development can be visualised above ground level or seek confirmation from the Local Planning Authority

for your development.

Broadband provision is included to ensure the development is able to be equipped with high speed broadband to enable opportunities for web-based communication and homeworking reducing the need for unsustainable travel.

A water consumption rate of not more than 110 litres, per person, per day adopted as Planning Policy and as imposed by this condition will directly change the building regulations water consumption rate to match as a result of this policy. The introduction of effective utilities, rainwater capture for watering plants, aerators to taps and other water saving options can be considered.

11 ACTION REQUIRED: REFUSE BINS AND COLLECTION AREAS

CONDITION: Prior to occupation of the dwelling hereby approved the area to be provided for storage of refuse/recycling bins as shown on the approved drawing number P07 Rev A shall be provided and then retained in perpetuity.

REASON: In the interest of highway safety to ensure that refuse recycling bins do not cause any obstruction or danger on the highway.

NOTE/S FOR CONDITION:

It is an OFFENCE to carry out works within the public highway, which includes a Public Right of Way, without the permission of the ECC Highway Authority. Any conditions which involve work within the limits of the public highway do not give the applicant permission to carry them out. Unless otherwise agreed in writing all works within the public highway shall be carried out by Essex County Council or its agents at the applicant's expense.

12 APPROVAL REQUIRED: LANDSCAPING SCHEME

CONDITION: No development above slab level shall take place until there has been submitted to and approved, in writing, by the Local Planning Authority a scheme of hard, soft and boundary treatment landscaping works for the site, which shall include any proposed changes in ground levels.

REASON: In the interests of visual amenity and the character and appearance of the area.

NOTE/S FOR CONDITION:

Slab level is normally refers to the concrete slab supported on foundations or directly on the subsoil and is used to construct the ground floor of the development. In any other case, please assume slab level to be the point before any walls and/or development can be visually above ground level or seek confirmation from the Local Planning Authority for your development.

Should the landscape works include any new hedgerow, please consider the following planting for a native hedge. Native hedge: 50% hawthorn, 25% blackthorn (but beware this can spread into adjacent fields), 15% field maple, 2% holly, 2% wild privet, 2% guelder rose, 2% dog rose, 2% buckthorn.

13 COMPLIANCE WITH DETAILS AND TIMESCALE REQUIRED - LANDSCAPING SCHEME

CONDITION: All changes in ground levels, soft/hard landscaping shown on the approved landscaping details shall be carried out in full during the first planting and seeding season (October - March inclusive) following the commencement of the development, or in such other phased arrangement as may be approved, in writing, by the Local Planning Authority up to the first use/first occupation of the development. Any trees, hedges, shrubs or turf identified within the approved landscaping details (both proposed planting and existing) which die, are removed, seriously damaged or seriously diseased, within a period of 10 years of being planted, or in the case of existing planting within a period of 5 years from the commencement of development, shall be replaced in the next planting season with others of similar size and same species unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority.

REASON: To ensure that the approved landscaping scheme has sufficient time to establish, in the interests of visual amenity and the character and appearance of the area.

14 COMPLIANCE REQUIRED: LANDSCAPE PROTECTION

CONDITION: Prior to commencement of development the existing Oak tree on the site, shall be protected by the erection of temporary protective fences as detailed in BS Fencing details - Received 01.05.04. The protective fences shall be retained throughout the duration of building and engineering works in the vicinity of the tree to be protected. Any trees dying or becoming severely damaged as a result of any failure to comply with these requirements shall be replaced with a tree or trees of appropriate size and species during the first planting season, or in accordance with such other arrangement as may be approved, in writing, with the Local Planning Authority up to first use or first occupation of the development, following the death of, or severe damage to the tree/s.

REASON: For the avoidance of damage to protected tree/s included within the landscaping scheme in the interests of visual amenity and the character and appearance of the area. This condition is required to be carried out prior to the commencement of any other development to ensure trees are protected early to ensure avoidance of damage or lost due to the development and/or its construction. If agreement was sought at any later stage there is an unacceptable risk of lost and damage to trees.

15 CONDITION: Prior to occupation of the hereby approved dwelling and for the avoidance of doubt the existing mobile dwelling on site shall be removed in its entirety to ensure only one permanent dwelling on site.

REASON: For the avoidance of doubt and in the interests of proper phased planning of the development.

DATED: 6th June 2024 **SIGNED:**

John Pateman-Gee Head of Planning and Building Control

National:

National Planning Policy Framework December 2023 (NPPF)

National Planning Practice Guidance (NPPG)

Local:

Tendring District Local Plan 2013-2033 and Beyond North Essex Authorities' Shared Strategic Section 1 (adopted January 2021)

- SP1 Presumption in Favour of Sustainable Development
- SP2 Recreational disturbance Avoidance and Mitigation Strategy (RAMS)
- SP3 Spatial Strategy for North Essex
- SP4 Meeting Housing Needs
- SP7 Place Shaping Principles

Tendring District Local Plan 2013-2033 and Beyond Section 2 (adopted January 2022)

- SPL1 Managing Growth
- SPL2 Settlement Development Boundaries
- SPL3 Sustainable Design
- HP5 Open Space, Sports & Recreation Facilities
- LP1 Housing Supply
- LP2 Housing Choice
- LP3 Housing Density and Standards
- LP4 Housing Layout
- PPL1 Development and Flood Risk
- PPL3 The Rural Landscape
- PPL4 Biodiversity and Geodiversity
- PPL5 Water Conservation, Drainage and Sewerage
- PPL10 Renewable Energy Generation and Energy efficiency Measures
- CP1 Sustainable Transport and Accessibility
- DI1 Infrastructure Delivery and Impact Mitigation

Supplementary Planning Documents

Essex Coast Recreational Disturbance Avoidance and Mitigation Strategy SPD 2020 (RAMS) Tendring Provision of Recreational Open Space for New Development SPD 2008 Essex Design Guide

Technical housing standards: nationally described space standard Published 27 March 2015

Local Planning Guidance

Essex County Council Car Parking Standards - Design and Good Practice

INFORMATIVES:

Positive and Proactive Statement

The Local Planning Authority has acted positively and proactively in determining this application by assessing the proposal against all material considerations, including planning policies and any representations that may have been received and subsequently determining to grant planning permission in accordance with the presumption in favour of sustainable development, as set out within the National Planning Policy Framework.

Highways Informatives

i) All work within or affecting the highway is to be laid out and constructed by prior arrangement with and to the requirements and specifications of the Highway Authority; all details shall be agreed before the commencement of works.

The applicants should be advised to contact the Development Management Team by email at development.management@essexhighways.org

- ii) Highway Land has highway rights which pass over the land, and it is unlawful to construct or enclose highway land as these rights do not extinguish over time. It is not uncommon for land to be under the ownership of a third party, i.e., the sub-soil, but also be public highway.
- iii)Prior to any new boundary planting taking place, the applicant must obtain a Highway Boundary Plan from ECC Highway Records to establish the line of the highway boundary and extent of the publicly maintainable highway to the front of the property. Email address: Highway.Status@essexhighways.org. This is to avoid any part of the boundary hedge/ fence encroaching onto the public highway and to preserve the integrity of the highway in accordance with Policy DM1.
- iv) On the completion of the Development, all roads, footways/paths, cycle ways, covers, gratings, fences, barriers, grass verges, trees, and any other street furniture within the Site and in the area, it covers, and any neighbouring areas affected by it, must be left in a fully functional repaired/renovated state to a standard accepted by the appropriate statutory authority.
- v) The Highway Authority cannot accept any liability for costs associated with a developer's improvement. This includes design check safety audits, site supervision, commuted sums for maintenance and any potential claims under Part 1 and Part 2 of the Land Compensation Act 1973. To protect the Highway Authority against such compensation claims a cash deposit or bond may be required.

CONTAMINATED LAND: WATCHING BRIEF

A Watching Brief shall be adhered to throughout the demolition and construction phase. The Local Planning Authority should be notified in the event of unexpected ground conditions being encountered during construction and that the below minimum precautions are undertaken until such time as the Local Planning Authority responds to the notification. The responsibility for the safe development of the site lies with the development

Minimum requirements for dealing with unexpected ground conditions being encountered during construction.

- 1. All site works at the position of the suspected contamination will stop and the Local Planning Authority and Environmental Health Department will be notified as a matter of urgency
- 2. A suitably trained geo-environmental engineer should assess the visual and olfactory observations of the ground and the extent of contamination and the Client and the Local Authority should be informed of the discovery
- 3. The suspected contaminated material will be investigated and tested appropriately in accordance with assessed risks. The investigation works will be carried out in the presence of a suitably qualified geo-environmental engineer. The investigation works will involve the collection of solid samples for testing and, using visual and olfactory observations of the ground, delineate the area over which contaminated materials are present
- 4. The unexpected contaminated material will either be left in situ or be stockpiled (except if suspected to be asbestos) whilst testing is carried out and suitable assessments completed to determine whether the material can be re-used on site or requires disposal as appropriate

- 5. The testing suite will be determined by the independent geo-environmental specialist based on visual and olfactory observations
- 6. Test results will be compared against current assessment criteria suitable for the future use of the area of the site affected
- 7. Where the material is left in situ awaiting results, it will either be reburied or covered with plastic sheeting.
- 8. Where the potentially contaminated material is to be temporarily stockpiled, it will be placed either on a prepared surface of clay, or on 2000-gauge Visqueen sheeting (or other impermeable surface) and covered to prevent dust and odour emissions
- 9. Any areas where unexpected visual or olfactory ground contamination is identified will be surveyed and testing results incorporated into a Verification Report
- 10. A photographic record will be made of relevant observations
- 11. The results of the investigation and testing of any suspect unexpected contamination will be used to determine the relevant actions. After consultation with the Local Authority, materials should either be: o re-used in areas where test results indicate that it meets compliance targets so it can be re-used without treatment; or o treatment of material on site to meet compliance targets so it can be re-used; or o removal from site to a suitably licensed landfill or permitted treatment facility
- 12. A Verification Report will be produced for the work

<u>Standard Informative 1:</u> The Provisions of the Essex Act 1987, Section 13 (Access for the Fire Brigade) may apply to this Development and will be determined at Building Regulation Stage.

<u>Standard Informative 2:</u> You are reminded that the carrying out of building works requires approval under the Building Regulations in many cases as well as a grant of planning permission. If you are in doubt as to whether or not the work, the subject of this planning permission, requires such approval, then you are invited to contact the Building Control section at Tendring District Council.

<u>Standard Informative 3:</u> If the development includes the construction of a new building on or at the boundary of 2 properties, work to an existing party wall or party structure or involve excavation near to and below the foundation level of neighbouring buildings, you are advised that the provisions of the Party Wall Act 1996 may apply to this development. An explanatory booklet concerning the implications of this Act is available online or from the District Council.

The attached notes explain the rights of appeal.

NOTES FOR GUIDANCE

WHEN PLANNING PERMISSION IS REFUSED OR GRANTED SUBJECT TO CONDITIONS

APPEALS TO THE SECRETARY OF STATE

- If you are aggrieved by the decision of your local planning authority to refuse permission for the proposed development or to grant it subject to conditions, then you can appeal to the Secretary of State under Section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.
- If you want to appeal, then you must do so within the set time frame as outlined below:
 - a. If this is a decision to refuse planning permission for a householder application, if you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision then you must do so within 12 weeks of the date of this notice. A Householder Appeal Form is required, available online at https://www.gov.uk/planning-inspectorate
 - b. If this is a decision to refuse planning permission for a minor commercial application, if you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision then you must do so within 12 weeks of the date of this notice. A Planning Appeal Form is required, available online at https://www.gov.uk/planning-inspectorate
 - c. If you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision on a development which is not caught by a. and b. above then you must do so within **6 months** of the date of this notice. A **Planning Appeal Form** is required, available online https://www.gov.uk/planning-inspectorate
- Appeals must be made using the relevant form (as detailed above) which you can get from the Secretary of State at Temple Quay House, 2 The Square, Temple Quay, Bristol, BS1 6PN (Tel: 0303 444 5000) or online at https://www.gov.uk/planning-inspectorate. Please note, only the applicant possesses the right of appeal.
- The Secretary of State can allow a longer period for giving notice of an appeal, but will not normally be prepared to use this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal.
- The Secretary of State need not consider an appeal if it seems to the Secretary of State that the local planning authority could not have granted permission for the proposed development or could not have granted it without the conditions imposed having regard to the statutory requirements, to the provisions of any development order and to any directions given under a development order.
- If you intend to submit an appeal that you would like examined by inquiry then you must notify the Local Planning Authority and Planning Inspectorate (inquiryappeals@planninginspectorate.gov.uk) at least 10 days before submitting the appeal. <u>Further details are on GOV.UK.</u>

ENFORCEMENT

• If this is a decision on a planning application relating to the same or substantially the same land and development as is already the subject of an enforcement notice, if you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision on your application, then you must do so within 28 days of the date of this notice.

If an enforcement notice is served relating to the same or substantially the same land and development as in your application and if you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision on your application, then you must do so within 28 days of the date of service of the enforcement notice, or within 6 months (12 weeks in the case of a householder or minor commercial appeal) of the date of this notice, whichever period expires earlier.